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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/719,433	12/12/2000	Teruo Ashikawa	Q62009	7627
75	90 09/25/2003		·	8
Sughrue Mion Zinn Macpeak & Seas 2100 Pennsylvania Avenue NW Washington, DC 20037			EXAMINER	
			LUK, EMMANUEL S	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1722	· _
			DATE MAILED: 09/25/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)
		09/719,433	ASHIKAWA ET AL.
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
		Emmanuel S. Luk	1722
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication a r Reply	ppears on the cover sheet wi	
THE N - Exter after: - If the - If NO - Failur - Any re	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION sions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a r period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state pely received by the Office later than three months after the maid patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	I.  1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thirtod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON tute. cause the application to become AB.	eply be timely filed  y (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication.
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 0-	4 September 2003 .	
2a)⊠		This action is non-final.	
3)	Since this application is in condition for allo		ters prosecution as to the merits is
Disposition	closed in accordance with the practice unde on of Claims	er <i>Ex par</i> te Quayle, 1935 C.D	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.
4)⊠	Claim(s) 29-38 is/are pending in the applica	tion.	
4	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdo	awn from consideration.	
5)[	Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>29-38</u> is/are rejected.		
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.	
Application	on Papers		
9)□ T	he specification is objected to by the Examir	ner.	
10)∐ T	he drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)□ acc	epted or b) objected to by the	ne Examiner.
—	Applicant may not request that any objection to	the drawing(s) be held in abeya	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
11)∐ T		is: a)□ approved b)□ di	sapproved by the Examiner.
40.	If approved, corrected drawings are required in i		
	he oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer.	
	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for forei	gn priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).
a)[	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:		
•	<ol> <li>Certified copies of the priority document</li> </ol>	nts have been received.	
2	<ol><li>Certified copies of the priority document</li></ol>	nts have been received in Ap	pplication No
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri application from the International B ee the attached detailed Office action for a lis	ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	_
	cknowledgment is made of a claim for domes		
a)	☐ The translation of the foreign language p	rovisional application has be	en received.
اک زیاری /Attachment	cknowledgment is made of a claim for domes s)	suc priority under 35 U.S.C. (	39 120 and/or 121.
Notice Notice Information	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of In	ummary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) formal Patent Application (PTO-152)
Patent and Trac OL-326 (Re		Action Summary	Part of Paper No. 8

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## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
  - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
  - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
  - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
  - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 3. Claims 29-38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Morita et al in view of Perkins et al.

Morita et al teaches the claimed apparatus for molding a magnetic tape cassette (Col. 1, lines 10-12) with plastic, or resin, (Col. 1, lines 55), comprising of a fixed mold (6) and a movable mold (7), slidable cores (8-10) that are in contact surface with one another (Fig. 2, 3).

Morita fails to teach a coarse surface and smooth surfaces.

In regards to the smooth contact surface between the mold body and the core,
Perkins teaches the contact between surfaces of a mold being smooth. This is to
reduce drag on the parts during operation via polishing (Col. 2, lines 6-8). Thus, it
would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Morita with smooth

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surfaces between the contact surfaces as taught by Perkins because it would reduce the drag during operation and thereby reduce the wear of the parts.

The mold surface taught by Morita will be coarse in comparison to the smooth contact surface as taught by Perkins. Since the mold surface in Morita is not treated in relation to the smooth contact surface required by Perkins, the relative surface texture of the mold surface will be coarse in comparison.

In regards to cores being on one of the molds, Morita already teaches the cores on the movable mold part. It would have been merely a rearrangment of parts to place the cores on the fixed mold part instead and still retain the operation of having the core actuate from the respective mold.

## Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments filed 9/4/03 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The applicants have argued about the combination of the prior art of record, specifically Perkins and Morita. The applicants further argue concerning the mold surface coarseness. Perkins is relevant to Morita since both are in the molding arts and both cover movable cores within the molds. The wear between the moving elements is discussed by Perkins, and the applicants argument concerning the molding of battery is merely an intended use of an apparatus. Here, Perkins is clearly in the molding arts and thus one of ordinary skill in the art would find it obvious to combine with Morita. In regards to the mold surface, the combination of Morita with Perkins

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would find from the relative standpoint of the smooth contact surface that the mold surface itself would be coarse.

## Conclusion

5. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Emmanuel S. Luk whose telephone number is (703) 305-1558. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 8 to 4.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wanda L. Walker can be reached on (703) 308-0457. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0651.

E.L.

W. L. WALKER
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1700